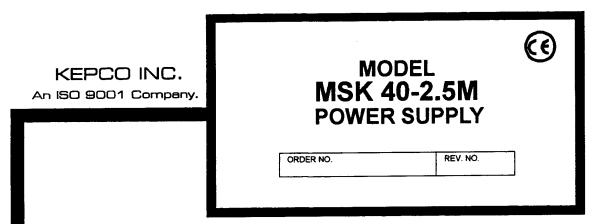
INSTRUCTION MANUAL

MSK 40-2.5M POWER SUPPLY

LINEAR COMPACT BENCHTOP TEST EQUIPMENT



IMPORTANT NOTES:

1) This manual is valid for the following Model and associated serial numbers:

MODEL

SERIAL NO.

REV. NO.

- A Change Page may be included at the end of the manual. All applicable changes and revision number changes are documented with reference to the equipment serial numbers. Before using this Instruction Manual, check your equipment serial number to identify your model. If in doubt, contact your nearest Kepco Representative, or the Kepco Documentation Office in New York, (718) 461-7000, requesting the correct revision for your particular model and serial number.
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Data subject to change without notice.





CE MARK ADDENDUM

This Kepco unit is a general purpose power supply, intended to be used as a component within an automated test equipment systems or as an apparatus used in electronic research laboratories.

The manufacture of the Kepco model is based upon IEC 478 document 1-4 and 50 years of experience using the best practice in the design and manufacture of commercial and industrial power supplies.

On May 3, 1989, the Council of European Communities issued a Council Directive regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for virtually all electrical equipment entering the 15-member European Union (EU). Additional amendments were also issued by the Council on April 28, 1992 and July 22, 1993.

This document is known as EMC Directive 89/336/EEC. The regulation under this EMC Directive becomes mandatory for all electrical equipment coming to market within the EU as of January 1, 1996.

The EMC Directive requires that electrical or electronic products generate no harmful emissions and to be immune to electrical disturbances. This EMC directive, via the published harmonized standards for specific apparatus or the published generic standards for a specific class of products, defines the mandatory permissible electromagnetic disturbance levels that the equipment is liable to cause and its degree of immunity to such signal.

Presently, there are no published harmonized standards approved or in effect regarding EMC requirements for electrical equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use. This product falls within the Laboratory Use category.

Under the EMC generic standards in effect, the EMC compliance for some products is deferred to engineering judgement regarding the need for full, partial or no testing for compliance.

This power supply is a Direct Current (DC) power supply using linear design technology and there are no high frequency switching circuits within the power supply that may generate or emit any electromagnetic disturbances.

There are no electromagnetic disturbances, conducted (in the frequency range of 150KHz to 30MHz) or radiated (in the frequency range of 30 MHZ to 1GHz), produced by this power supply that may degrade the performance of other devices, apparatus or systems whose performance may be degraded by electromagnetic disturbances produced by electronic apparatus.

Therefore, in compliance to EMC Directive, Kepco finds that this product meets the EMC Directive for compatibility without the need to perform conducted or radiated emission testing.

The generic EMC immunity standard EN 50082-1 applies to products intended for use in the residential, commercial or light-industry environment, for which no dedicated product or product-family immunity standard exists. The Kepco power supply is an apparatus that falls in the category of products covered by this standard. It is a rack mountable power supply intended to be installed within RF shielded and grounded electronic system cabinet or enclosure and it is intended to be used in electronic and test laboratories.

For proper operation of this model in the above environment, the system integrator may be required to provide the proper protection against electromagnetic disturbances. This can be achieved through the proper use of RFI filter and/or surge protectors for the "entry" cables and RF gaskets and covers for the shielded apertures in the environment in which this power supply is installed.

This Kepco power supply is designed to meet the following EMC immunity standards:

Enclosure port (radiated):

- Immunity to Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

Test standard: EN 61000-4-2

Test specification: 4KV Direct contact; 8KV Air discharge

Performance criteria: B

- Immunity to Radio-Frequency Electromagnetic Field

Test standard: EN 61000-4-3

Test specification: Amplitude modulated:

80MHz - 1GHz @ 10Vrms/m (unmodulated)

80% (AM @ 1KHz) Pulse modulated:

900 ± 5MHz @ 10Vrms/m (unmodulated) 50% Duty cycle; 200Hz Repetition frequency.

Performance criteria: A

Notes: Unit should be used within an RF shielded and grounded enclosure or cabinet.

- Immunity to Power-Frequency Magnetic Field

Test standard: EN 61000-4-8

Test specification: 50Hz @ 30A(rms)/m

Performance criteria: A

AC input, DC output and Earth ports (conducted)

- Immunity to Radio-Frequency

Test standard: EN 61000-4-6

Test specification: Common mode; 150KHz - 80MHz; 10Vrms(unmodulated)

Performance criteria: B - Immunity to Electrical Surges

Test standard: EN 61000-4-5

Test specification: 1.2/50 (8/20) microseconds; Tr/Th

4KV - common and differential mode (AC input port only) 0.5KV - common and differential mode (DC output port only)

Performance criteria: B

Notes: System integrator may be required to add surge protectors at the power supply input and/or output terminals to meet the above electrical surge specification.

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SECTION I—INTRODUCTION

- INTRODUCTION: The Kepco MSK Series is comprised of five models of compact linear benchtop power supplies designed for maintenance shop or laboratory testing of microprocessor and logic circuitry. Each model provides 100 Watts of stabilized voltage or current over a choice of five voltage or current output ranges. Regulation is provided by a high gain linear series pass circuit with forced air heat sink cooling. A "preview" feature allows output to the load to be turned off while values for the current or voltage mode are selected using a precision control and digital LCD numeric displays of current and voltage. Units feature good stability with low noise and accurate resettability. Units operate from either 115V or 230V ac input by changing a switch setting at the rear.
- 1-2 Models in this Kepco Series are as follows:

Model	D-C Output Range		Power
	Volts	Amps	Watts
MSK 10-10M	0- 10	0-10	0-100
MSK 20-5M	0- 20	0-5	0-100
MSK 40-2.5M	0- 40	0-2.5	0-100
MSK 60-2M	0- 60	0-2	0-120
MSK 125-1M	0-125	0-1.0	0-125

1-3 SPECIFICATIONS: Stability specifications of the MSK Series are as follows (percentages are referenced to maximum rated voltage or current):

	Voltage Mode	Current Mode
Source effect:	0.01%	0.01%
0 Load to ~ Max. Rated Load	0.01%	0.05%
Drift, 8 hrs:	0.01%	0.02%
Temperature: Per °C	0.01%	0.02%
Ripple and noise: rms,	0.5mV	0.02%
р-р,	3.0mV	0.1%

1-4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS: Table 1-1 contains general specifications that apply to all models of the MSK Series.

SPECIFICATION	RATING/DESCRIPTION	CONDITION
INPUT		
Voltage	105-125, 210-250V a-c	User selectable (rear switch)
Current	2.8A ms max.	Maximum load, 115V a-c
Frequency	47-63 Hz	
OUTPUT		
d-c output	Transistor	Series pass
Type of stabilizer	Automatic crossover	Voltage/current
Voltage adjustment range	0 to 100% of rating	0 to +45°C
Current adjustment range	0 to 100% of rating	0 to +45°C
Error sense	0.5V per load wire	Voitage allowance(1)
Voltage recovery	50μsec typ, 100μsec max	Step load change between 10% and 100% Io max
Isolation voltage	500V d-c or peak	Output to ground
Leakage current	<100 microamperes	rms at 115V a-c
Output to ground	< 50 microamperes	p-p at 115V a-c
OVP	Crowbar SCR	Transient 5 milliseconds or more
CONTROL		
Voltage/Current	10-turn precision rheostat	
MECHANICAL		
Input connections	IEC detachable line cord	
Output connections	Front panel binding posts	Output, sense & ground 2
Meters	Two 31/2" LCD digital displays	Accuracy 1/2 least significant bit
Cooling	1800 rpm low noise blower	
Dimensions ⁽³⁾	5% x 8% x 13%;	inches
(H x W x D)	146.6 x 206.6 x 334	mm
Finish: Kepco STD BF00010-85	Light gray color	Front panel, 2 tone
Weight (packed for shipment)	19 Lb (8.6 Kg)	MSK 10-10M, 20-5M, 40-2.5M
	22 Lb. (10 Kg)	MSK 125-1M

⁽¹⁾ An additional voit is provided in the output beyond the rating for this purpose.

⁽²⁾ Ground terminal permits grounding of either plus or minus output terminal.

⁽³⁾ including feet.

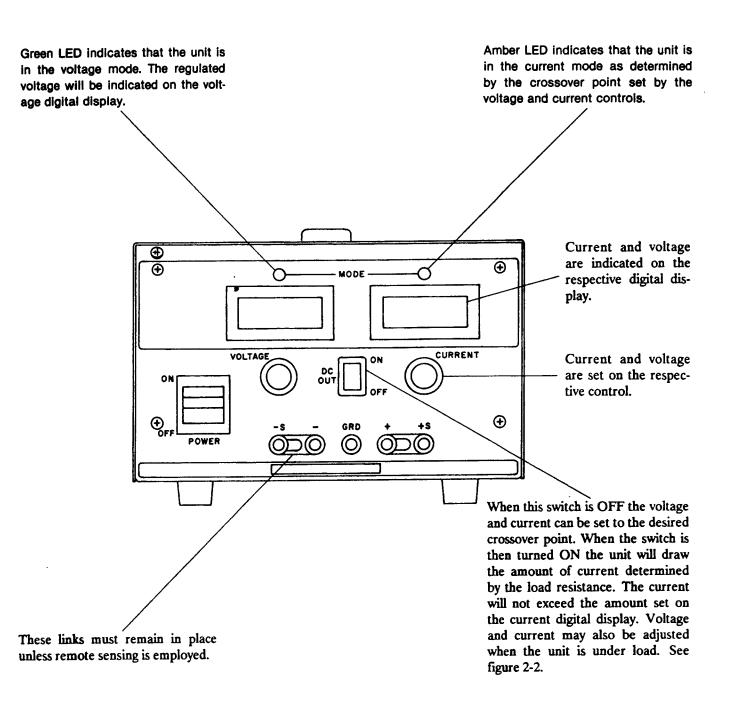
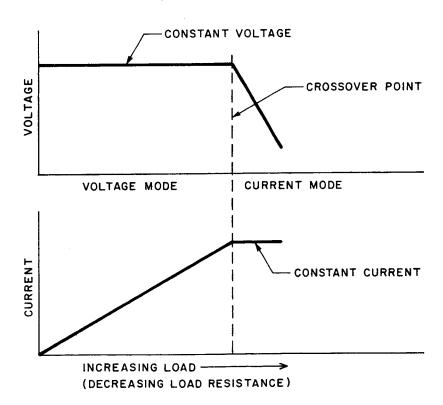


FIGURE 1-1 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS.

SECTION II—INSTALLING AND USING THE MSK.

- 2-1 UNPACKING AND INSTALLING: Models of the MSK Series are shipped completely tested and ready for operation. Unpack the unit and save the packing materials. Inspect for visible damage. If damage is present, notify the shipping carrier.
- 2-2 The unit may be operated on a bench or any suitable flat surface, see Figure 2-3 for Outline Drawing. The tilting bail on the front bottom of the case elevates the unit to an angle for convenient viewing of the operating controls. Output and sense binding posts are provided at the front of the unit. Either the + or the terminal may be connected or referred to ground.
- 2-3 The rear of the unit contains an input voltage selector switch. Set this switch to 115V or 230V position **before** connecting the unit to a power outlet. **Note: Also install the fuse as follows:**
 - For 115V a-c operation: Fuse fast acting, 3A-250V a-c, 5mm x 20mm; Kepco P/N 141-0085 or Bussman type GMA3A.
 - For 230V a-c operation: Fuse fast acting, 1.6A-250V a-c, 5mm x 20mm; Kepco P/N 141-0086 or Bussman type GMA 1.6A
- 2-4 Both current and voltage may be adjusted from zero to the maximum rated value. Refer to Section I for individual model current and voltage ranges. For any individual model the maximum rated value of voltage X current will equal approximately 100 Watts.
- 2-5 THE PREVIEW FEATURE: Test operations in the laboratory or shop often require that the unit under test be disconnected or power not applied until a preset constant current or constant voltage is applied. Also, the power source may be required to supply a range of preset fixed current or voltage upon demand.
- 2-6 Figure 1-1 shows the preview switch. Presettings may be made with this switch OFF. The value of preset voltage and current is adjusted with the precision controls and read on the respective digital displays. When the preview switch is ON the relation between voltage and current and the crossover point is shown in Figure 2-1. In a practical case the crossover point may not be sharp as shown but will be slightly rounded.

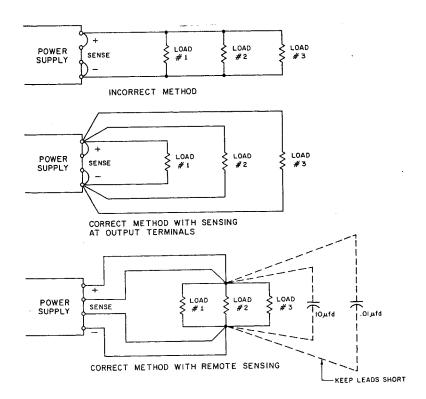


- Voltage and current may also be adjusted with the preview switch (load) ON. Voltage and current may be adjusted and observed on the digital displays and the behavior of the circuit under test may be observed.
- 2-8 For any given load the following rule applies:

When constant voltage is desired the current setting is increased so that the power supply operates **before** the crossover point. When constant current is desired the voltage setting is reduced so that the power supply operates **beyond** the crossover point.

2-9 The crossover point is given by the following relationship:

- 2-10 CROWBAR PROTECTION. The MSK Series provides crowbar overvoltage protection. Any condition that causes an overvoltage at the output terminals will trigger an internal SCR circuit that shorts out the output terminals. The circuit will remain latched in this condition until the preview switch is moved to the OFF setting. If the condition is then removed power supply output resumes when the preview switch is returned to ON. Crowbar latching operates on an overvoltage transient of 2.5 milliseconds or more.
- 2-11 ERROR SENSING. The MSK Series employs binding posts for remote sensing of voltage error when operating in the voltage mode. The +S and -S binding posts are connected at the respective polarity at the load input. This corrects for voltage drop in the load connection leads.
- 2-12 The +S and -S binding posts must always remain connected to the output. When remote sensing is not employed the links should be in place as shown in Figure 1-1, Section I.
- 2-13 CONNECTING LOADS. In the voltage mode the power supply should exhibit zero impedance throughout its operating range. This requires that the impedance of the connecting wires between the power supply and the load should be as low as possible. In critical situations the connecting wires should be twisted and the external sensing leads should be shielded.
- 2-14 When operating in the current mode the power supply should exhibit a very high impedance throughout its operating range. In current mode the load wires should be shielded. When the current mode is of critical interest it is not necessary to employ external sensing at the load.
- 2-15 When more than one load is connected to the power supply the connection should be as shown in Figure 2-2.



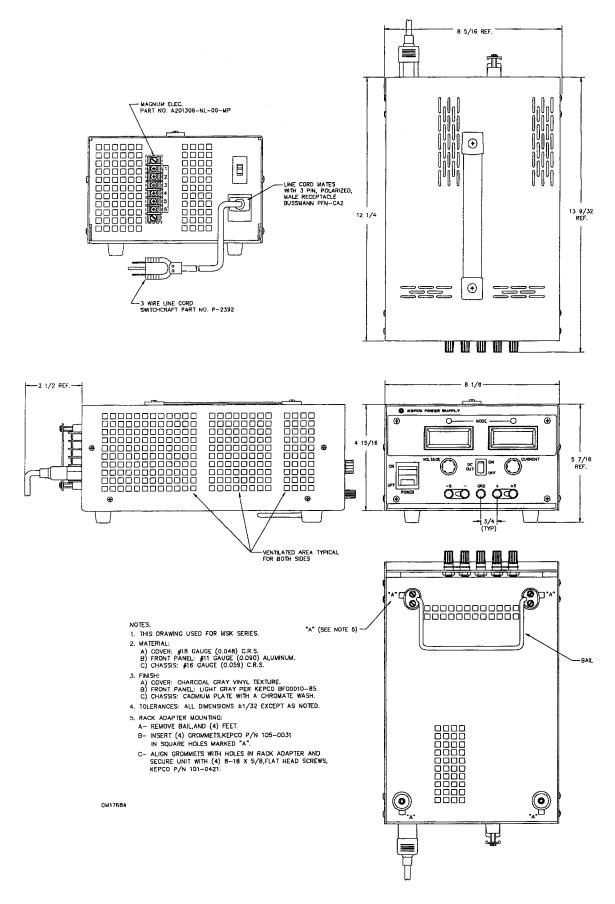
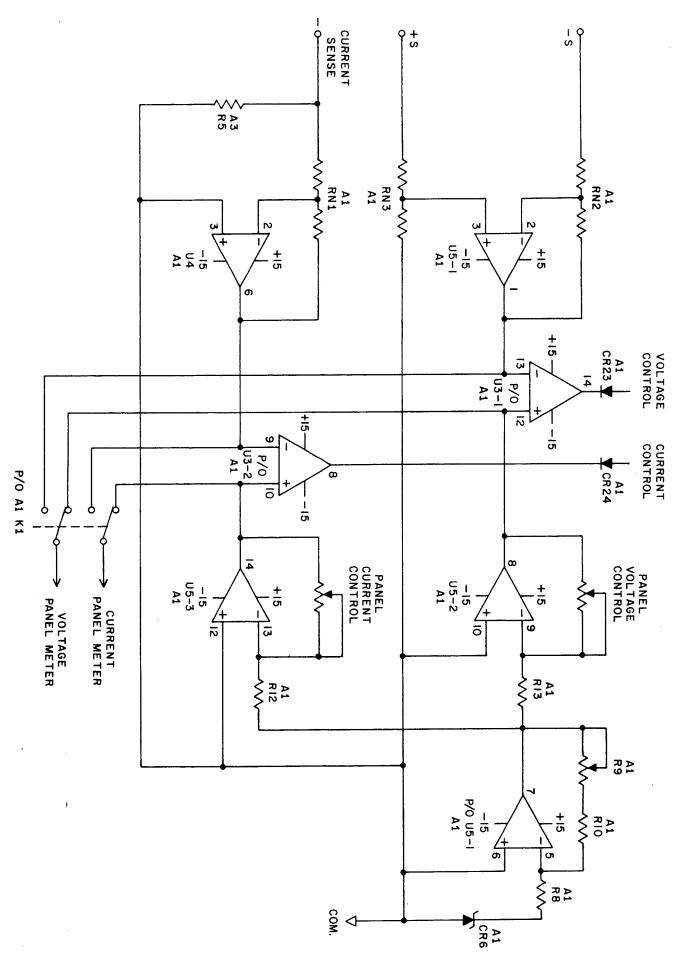


FIGURE 2-3. MECHANICAL OUTLINE

SECTION III—THEORY OF OPERATION

- 3-1 GENERAL: Kepco MSK power supplies are linear regulated units which employ pass transistors mounted on a heat sink. Voltage drop across the pass transistors maintains output voltage or current at preset levels. Drop across the pass transistors is regulated by linear circuitry which allows the output to be operated as either a constant current regulator or a constant voltage regulator. An accurately calibrated internal reference controls the voltage and current regulation. The voltage regulation channel is in control in the voltage mode until current reaches the value set on the front panel. At this point the current regulation channel takes over and the unit is in the current mode.
- 3-2 The following paragraph basically describes circuit operation. Refer to the simplified schematic, Figure 3-1 and the main schematic, Figure 5-1.
- 3-3 PHYSICAL LAYOUT: Control circuitry of the unit is contained on the printed circuit board (A1 Control Assembly). The fan and transformer are mounted on Chassis Assembly A2. The pass transistors are mounted on Heat Sink Assembly A3. This arrangement allows easy access and replacement of assemblies.
- POWER CIRCUITS: Transformer A2T1 provides all circuit power. The transformer has a dual primary. The number of turns of the two primary winding sections is the same. When switch A2S1 is in the 115V a-c position both windings are in parallel. When the switch is in the 230V a-c position the two windings are in series and half of the input voltage appears across each winding. The fan is across one winding and will therefore have 115V a-c across it when the 115/230V selector is in either position.
- 3-5 Transformer A2T1 has two secondaries. Secondary winding W4 provides power for the control circuitry (op amps, etc.) and W3 provides output power. Bridge A1CR3 rectifies the voltage for the control circuitry. A1U1 and A1U2 are voltage regulators for the + 15V and 15V required for the op-amp circuitry.
- 3-6 Zeners A1CR4 and A1CR5 provide +5V and -5V used to energize the digital displays. These voltages also provide bias for diodes A1CR9,10,11,12,13 and 14. The diodes act as clamps to protect the op-amps from transient stresses.
- 3-7 The main d-c power output is obtained from the full wave rectifier formed by A1CR1, A1CR2 located in heat sink assembly A3, and filter capacitor A2C1 mounted on chassis assembly A2. The filtered d-c is now regulated by the pass transistors as described in the following paragraph.
- 3-8 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: Refer to Figure 3-1. All models of the series use zener A1CR6 as the standard voltage reference. This voltage is the input to op-amp A1U5-1 as shown. Potentiometer A1R9 is a feedback resistance that is set at the factory to calibrate the reference voltage for an individual unit. The output of A1U5-1 is a stable 10 Volts that will be proportioned to values that are used for the individual models of the MSK Series which have different output characteristics.
- 3-9 The stable 10 Volts reference is split into a voltage reference channel and a current reference channel. Opamp A1U5-3 is the current reference channel. Resistor A1R13 is chosen with a different value for each model so that the individual voltage reference will be proportional to the full scale output voltage for the respective model. Resistor A1R12 is chosen with a different value for each model so that the individual voltage reference will be proportional to the full scale output current for the respective model.
- When the preview switch is in the DC OFF position the panel meters directly read the value of both the voltage reference and the current reference, which are analogs of the preset values of voltage and current, respectively. The voltage and current controls on the panel control the feedback, hence, the gain A1U5-2 and A1U5-3, respectively. This adjusts the reference voltages so that the output of the unit will respond to the desired settings. This process is described in the following paragraphs.



- 3-11 VOLTAGE CONTROL is in effect only when the unit is in the voltage mode. The ± voltage sense from the front panel is applied to A1U5-4 through the precision resistor network A1RN2 and A1RN3. The gain of A1U5-4 is therefore a constant value in proper proportion to the reference. Op-amp A1U3-1 is a comparator that compares the sense voltage with the reference voltage that has been preset as explained in the preceeding paragraph. This voltage is applied degeneratively to the drivers in the heat sink which cause the drop across the pass transistors to constantly react to bring the output voltage to a value that reduces the difference between the reference voltage and the sense voltage to zero. Hence, output voltage is stabilized.
- 3-12 CURRENT CONTROL is in effect only when the unit is in the current mode. Current is sensed by the voltage drop in A3R5 in the heat sink which is in series with the load. The current sense voltage is applied to A1U4 through resistor network A1RN1. The gain of A1U4 is therefore a constant value in proper proportion to the current reference voltage. Op-amp A1U3-2 is a comparator that compares the current sense voltage with the reference voltage. Output voltage of the comparator will always be the difference between the two voltages. If the unit is in the current mode this voltage is applied degeneratively to the drivers in the heat sink which cause the drop across the pass transistors to constantly react to bring the output current to a value that reduces the difference between the reference voltage and the current sense voltage to zero. Hence, output current is stabilized.
- 3-13 MODE CONTROL AND PREVIEW Relay A1K1 is deenergized in the DC OFF (preview) position. When the preview switch is OFF, both output voltage and current are programmed to zero via A1U3-3 and A1U3-4, thus disconnecting the load from the ouput terminals. Also, the panel meters are directly connected to read the value of both the voltage reference and the current reference, which are analogs of the preset values of voltage and current as previously mentioned. When the preview switch is ON the panel meters are connected to the current and voltage sense voltages. They will therefore read the sensed values of voltage and current.
- 3-14 The mode crossover characteristic is discussed in Section II. Mode control circuitry (not shown on the simplified schematic) causes the mode to cross over when current goes above or below the preset value. When the unit is in the voltage mode the output voltage comparator controls the pass elements to cause voltage to remain constant. When the load resistance is such that current exceeds the preset value the crossover circuitry places the current comparator in control of the pass elements.
- 3-15 PASS ELEMENTS: Output is maintained at a constant voltage or current level by the NPN silicon pass transistor assembly which is in series with the output. Model MSK 125-1M, which produces a higher output voltage, uses two sets of pass transistors which are in series. All other models use a single set of pass transistors in series. The pass transistors are located on a specially constructed fan-cooled heat sink (A3). The series resistance of the pass transistors produces a voltage drop which is controlled by their base voltage. The base voltage is supplied by driver transistor A3Q5. Driver A3Q5 is controlled by the regulation circuits previously described. When the unit is in the voltage mode the pass resistance is a function of output sense voltage. In the current mode the pass transistors maintain a constant current regardless of load or variations of the input supply.
- 3-16 OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION is provided by A1U6 and A1U7. Overvoltage appears at pin 1 of A1U7. The effect of an overvoltage is to trigger triac A1CR17 which interrupts the output and shorts the output terminals of the unit. Capacitor A1C7 at pin 2 of A1U7 determines the delay length of overvoltage spike which will trigger A1CR17. The value of A1C7 prevents the unit from overvoltage triggering on short noise spikes. When A1U7 detects overvoltage and triggers A1CR17 it also latches SCR A1CR29. This causes the output to go to a very low value. The overall effect is to cause the output impedance of the unit to appear as a short circuit, protecting the load. Output can only be restored by removing the cause of overvoltage and turning the unit OFF, then back ON.

SECTION IV—MAINTENANCE, TESTING AND TROUBLESHOOTING

- **GENERAL:** This section covers the techniques of maintenance, testing and troubleshooting of the MSK Series. The material covered in this section is for the use of maintenance personnel equipped with instruments capable of testing d-c power devices within the range of load typical of the MSK Series.
- 4-2 The MSK Series is capable of operating for long periods within the specified environment. Periodic maintenance is not required except in unusual environment which may cause physical deterioration. In this case periodic inspection and cleaning may be appropriate. No internal or external service adjustment is required.
- **MEASURING CHARACTERISTICS:** Models of the MSK Series are stable power supplies. The measured characteristics of stabilized power supplies are as follows: load effect, source effect, temperature effect, drift, and ripple and noise.
- 4-4 A power supply which has the foregoing characteristics within the specified range may be considered to be performing properly. The specified range for each of these characteristics is given in Section I of this manual. It is usually not possible to measure all of these characteristics at the repair shop level, since this requires laboratory instrumentation and considerable shop time.
- 4-5 LOAD EFFECT measures the ability of the unit to maintain constant voltage output with variable load throughout a range from zero to its specified nominal (maximum) value. For shop testing, when the load effect is within specified range it usually indicates that a unit is performing satisfactorily.
- 4-6 SOURCE EFFECT measures the ability of the unit to respond to a specified range of input voltage variation while maintaining its output within specified range. At the repair shop level it is usually only necessary to vary the input voltage within specified range and note that output remains within limits.
- 4.7 TEMPERATURE EFFECT measures the ability of the unit to maintain proper output over a specified range of temperature. MSK units are rated from 0 °C to 55 °C. This characteristic is usually not measured at the repair shop level.
- 4-8 DRIFT measures the ability of the unit over a given time to maintain the load, source, temperature effect and ripple and noise, within the specified limits. In the repair shop it is usually only necessary to place the unit under operating load and allow it to operate for a period of time, then to check voltage regulation by any simple means.
- 4.9 RIPPLE AND NOISE: are specified as peak-to-peak in millivolts. Ripple frequency components are related to the input (source) frequency. Noise occupies a wide spectrum that ordinarily has no outstanding frequency component. The presence of noise above the specified value is an indication of trouble. Likewise the presence of high ripple frequency components related to source frequency is an indication of unsatisfactory operation.
- 4-10 TEST SET UP FOR MEASURING CHARACTERISTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING.
- 4-11 When making tests in voltage mode with the methods just described it must be taken into account that in a real system application the load may be at a location remote from the power supply. Remote sensing would then be preferred.
- 4-12 In the current mode the output of the units respond as an infinite impedance. Other than to assure that a unit maintains uniform current in the current mode as the load varies within the specified range, no other test is required.
- The load resistor simulates an actual load. It must be capable of sustaining the power and current range of the unit. Measuring current in heavy current devices requires special care. There will always be a certain amount of voltage drop across any current measuring device. An ammeter actually measures current by measuring the voltage across its internal resistance. Current is then indicated as a function of Ohm's law. Moreover, current flowing through the resistance causes heating which increases the resistance. To prevent heating effect, the resistance employed to measure current should be as small as possible and composed of resistance wire as heavy as practical. Although the voltage drop across the wire may then be small, it can be measured with an accurate digital voltmeter. When an ammeter is used it should be made part of the load. This takes into consideration the full voltage output of the power supply by allowing for drop through the ammeter.

4-14 MEASURING LOAD EFFECT

4-15 Measure load effect as follows:

- a) Make the test set up as shown in Figure 4-1
- b) Record output with no load
- c) Set the load for nominal value (refer to Section I)
- d) Record the output voltage.
- e) Compute the load effect as follows:

The specified load effect is given in unit specifications. Higher values than this indicates unsatisfactory operation.

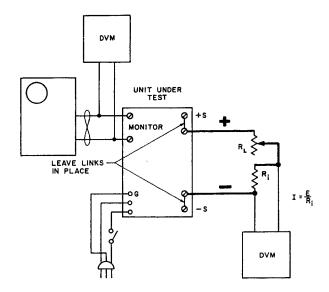
4-16 MEASURING RIPPLE AND NOISE

- 4-17 Ripple and Noise are measured at the nominal load. The important safeguard in testing is to minimize the impedance between power supply output and load, or at least to measure the voltage characteristics so as to prevent the spurious voltages from this impedance from appearing in the measurement. All circuit elements must be brought to a common ground point. The test equipment must be isolated from the a-c lines. All test leads should be shielded. The connection to the load must be twisted to minimize inductive effects.
- 4-18 For shop testing the best hook-up is to place the load directly on the output terminals and consider everything appearing beyond the output terminals as load. A means of isolating the measuring equipment from the power mains must be used if the isolation rating of the test equipment is inadequate.

4-19 TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE: All troubleshooting should be done with the output and sense leads linked together.

- 4-20 Follow these rules in troubleshooting circuits:
 - a) A failed resistor causes an open circuit.
 - b) A failed capacitor usually causes a short circuit.
 - c) Look for physical signs such as scorched areas, cracks and contamination.
- 4-21 The following preliminary basic steps in localizing trouble should be followed:
 - a) If the unit fails to show any operational signs, check obvious points such as a-c input connections and fuse.
 - b) Check the current control. Turn the control clockwise to its maximum position.
 - c) Check the unit internally for interconnection of circuit boards and components.
 - d) Make a voltage check of points on the circuits.



SECTION V—ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAMS

5-1 GENERAL

5-2 This section contains the main schematic, the parts location diagrams, and a list of all replaceable electrical parts. All components are listed in alpha-numerical order of their reference designations. Consult your Kepco Representative for replacement of parts not listed here.

5-3 ORDERING INFORMATION

5-4 To order a replacement part or to inquire about parts not listed in the parts list, address order or inquiry either to your authorized Kepco Sales Representative or to:

> KEPCO, INC. 131-38 Sanford Avenue Flushing, N.Y. 11352

- 5-5 Specify the following information for each part:
 - a) Model and complete serial number of instrument.
 - b) Kepco part number.
 - c) Circuit reference designator.
 - d) Description.
- 5-6 To order a part not listed in the parts list, give a complete description and include its function and location.



MSK SERIES

COMMON PARTS LIST ASSEMBLY (A1)

Code 07-1888

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	MFRS. NAME & PART NO. SEE BOTTOM NOTE	KEPCO PART NO.	REC. SPARE PART QTY.
C1		See Individual Parts List			
C2,3	2	Cap., Elect., Radial Leads	United Chemi-Con Type SMC	117-0879	1
C4,5	2	330μF, 20%, 35V Cap., Elect., Radial Leads	United Chemi-Con Type KMC	117-0878	1
C6,9,22	3	2.2μF, 20%, 50V Cap., Elect., Tantalum, Ax. Lds	* '	117-0815	1
C 7	1	1μF, 20%, 50V Cap., Film, Ax. Leads	Wescon Type 33MM	117-0123	1
C8	1	0.5μF, 10%, 200V Cap., Film, Ax. Leads	Sprague Type 192P	117-0353	1
C10,11,12,		0.01μF, 20%, 200V Not Used	19pe 192F		
13,26 C14		See Individual Parts List			
C15,16	2	Cap., Elect., Radial Leads	United Chemi-Con Type SMC	117-1005	1
C17	1	100μF, 20%, 25V Cap., Monolithic, Ceramic	Kemet Type C320C	117-0967	1
C18,19		0.1μF, 20%, 50V Not Used	туре 03200		
C20,21,24,2	25	See Individual Parts List			
C23	1	Cap., Ceramic Monolithic 0.1µF, 20%, 100V	Kemet Type C330	117-0990	1
CR1,2,7, 8,19	5	See Individual Parts List			
CR3	1	Rect., Bridge 200V (PIV), 1A	General Instruments Type W-02		1
CR4,5	2	Diode, Zener, Ax. Leads 5.1V, 5%, ½W	Motorola 1N52318	121-0084	1
CR6	1	Diode, Zener, Ax. Leads 6.2V, 5%, 0.4W	Motorola 1N827	121-0062	1
CR9 thru 1 21 thru 25		Switching, Diode 75V PIV, 1A, 0.4W	AM Power Devices 1N4148	124-0437	1
CR15,16	2	Rect., Diode 100V PIV, If = 50μA@0.5V	Semicon Type HVP	124-0178	1
CR17	1	Thyristor, Triac, TO-220 200V, 12A	Motorola 2N6342A	124-0568	1
CR18		See Individual Parts List			
CR20	1	Diode, Rect., Si. 400V PIV, 5A	Semicon Inc. Type S-5A4	124-0348	1
CR26,27		Not Used			

5-3/5-4

NOTE: REPLACEMENT PARTS MAY BE ORDERED FROM KEPCO, INC. ORDERS SHOULD INCLUDE KEPCO PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.



MSK SERIES

COMMON PARTS LIST ASSEMBLY (A1)

Code 07-1888

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	MFRS. NAME & PART NO. SEE BOTTOM NOTE	KEPCO PART NO.	REC. SPARE PART QTY.
CR28	1	Diode, Stabistor V _r =1.30V min@l _r =10mA, 400mW	AM Power Devices APD203	124-0435	6
CR29	1	SCR, PNPN, TO-92 30V, 0.8A	Motorola 2N5060	124-0429	1
K1	1	PC Mount DC Relay 4 PDT, 12V, 2A	Aromat NF4EB-12V	140-0101	1
Q1		See Individual Parts List	,,, , ,		
Q2	1	Transistor, Si., NPN Low Power, TO-5	RCA 2N3053	119-0059	1
R1,2	2	Res., Fxd., Molded 22K ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB2231	115-2458	1
R3,16,19	3	Res., Fxd., Molded 100 ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB1011	115-2231	1
R4,14	2	Res., Fxd., Molded 10K ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB1031	115-2211	1
R5,6,7,18, 31,32,38,40,4	9 \$1	Res., Fxd., Molded 1K ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB1021	115-2238	1
R8,20,27	3	Res., Fxd., Metal Film 1K ohm, 1%, %W	Dale Type RN55D	115-2180	1
R9	1	Res., Var., Cermet 1K ohm, 10%, .75W @75°C	Bourns Type 3009-P	115-2456	1
R10	1	Res., Fxd., Metal Film 5.62K ohm, 1%, %W	Dale Type RN55D	115-2409	1
R11	1	Res., Fxd., Metal Film 10K ohm, 1%, 1/4	Dale Type RN55D	115-2174	1
R12,13		See Individual Parts List			
R15,17		Not Used			
R21,22,23, 26,33		See Individual Parts List			
R24	1	Res., Fxd., Molded 82 ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB8201	115-2495	1
R25,28,30,34	4	Not Used			
R29	1	Res., Fxd., Molded 15K ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB1531	115-2497	1
R35	1	Res., Fxd., Molded 3.9 ohm, 5%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB3905	115-2715	1
R36	1	Res., Fxd., Molded 1.5K ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradiey CB1521	115-2229	1
R37	1	Res., Fxd., Molded 680 ohm, 10%, ½W	Allen Bradley CB6811	115-0558	1
R39	1	Res., Fxd., Molded 4.7K ohm, 10%, ¼W	Allen Bradley CB4721	115-2383	1
RN1,2,3		See Individual Parts List			
RN4,5	2	Res., Network, 2 units 99K ohm/1K ohm, 1%	Kepco Inc. 234-0036	234-0036	1 5-5/5
		Out onto it only 170		DT MIMADED AND	DESCRIPTION

NOTE: REPLACEMENT PARTS MAY BE ORDERED FROM KEPCO, INC. ORDERS SHOULD INCLUDE KEPCO PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.



MSK SERIES

COMMON PARTS LIST ASSEMBLY (A1)

Code 07-1888

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	ΩТΥ.	DESCRIPTION	MFRS. NAME & PART NO. SEE BOTTOM NOTE	KEPCO PART NO.	REC. SPARE PART QTY.
U1	1	IC, Voltage Reg., Positive	Fairchild µA78M15UC	250-0064	1
U2	1	15V, 0.5A, TO-220 IC, Voltage Reg., Negative 15V, 0.5A, TO-220	μΑτοίΝ1000 Fairchild μΑ79Μ15ΑVC	250-0065	1
U3,5	2	IC, Quad, Op. Amp., 324 Type	National LM324N	250-0050	1
U4	1	IC, Op., Amp. 8 Pin-Dip, Plastic	Prec. Monolithics OP-07CP	250-0146	1
U6	1	IC, Dual Comparator 8 Pin-Dip, Plastic	Texas Instruments LM393P	250-0098	1
U7	1	IC, Overvoltage, Crowbar 8 Pin-Dip, Plastic	Motorola MC3425PI	250-0192	1



REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

MSK SERIES

COMMON PARTS LIST CHASSIS ASSEMBLY, A2

Code 11-1088

REFERENCE	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFRS. NAME & PARTS NO. SEE BOTTOM NOTE	KEPCO PART NO.	REC. SPARE PART QTY.
DESIGNATION					
B1	1	Fan Motor	Kepco Inc.	148-0026	1
J .		125V a-c 50/60 Hz	148-0026		
C1		See Individual Parts List			
			D	141-0085	1
F1	1	Fuse, Fast Acting, 5x20mm	Bussman GMA-3	141-0065	•
		3 Amps, 250V	GMA-3		
R1,2,3,4		See Individual Parts List			
	1	Line Voltage, Select Switch	ITW Switches	127-0395	1 .
S1	1	115-230V a-c	18-000-0040		
T1 .		See Individual Parts List			
11					
		COMMON PARTS LIST PA	ASS ASSEMBLY, A3		
			11/2222	117-0123	1
C1,2	2	Cap., Film, Ax. Leads	Wescon Type 33MM	117-0120	•
		0.5µF, 10%, 200V	Type SSIVIIVI		
C4	1	See Individual Parts List			
001 0 2 4		See Individual Parts List	•		
CR1,2,3,4			·		
Q1 thru Q6		See Indiividual Parts List			
R1,2,3,4,5		See Individual Parts List			
			Atton Donallass	115-2231	1
R6	1	Res., Fxd., Molded	Allen Bradley	113-2231	•
		100 ohm, 10%, 1/4W	CB1010 Allen Bradley	115-2235	1
R7	1	Res., Fxd., Molded	CB4711	1,70 2200	·
		470 ohm, 10%, 1/4W Not Used	CUTTI		
R8		NOT OSER			
R9,10,11,12		See Individual Parts List			
113,10,11,12		 			

5-9/5-10

NOTE: REPLACEMENT PARTS MAY BE ORDERED FROM KEPCO, INC. ORDERS SHOULD INCLUDE KEPCO PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

PLEASE NOTE: THE MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND PART NUMBER LISTED FOR EACH ITEM ON REPLACEMENT PARTS LISTS REPRESENTS AT LEAST ONE SOURCE FOR THAT ITEM AND IS LISTED SOLELY FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF KEPCO EQUIPMENT OWNERS IN OBTAINING REPLACEMENT PARTS LOCALLY. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO USE EQUIVALENT ITEMS FROM ALTERNATE SOURCES. KEPCO, INC.



REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

MSK SERIES

COMMON PARTS LIST FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY (A4)

Code 04-0593

MOV SEVIES					
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFRS. NAME & PARTS NO. SEE BOTTOM NOTE	KEPCO PART NO.	REC, SPARE PART QTY.
	<u> </u>				
DS1,2	2	Digital Meter Panel	Acculex	135-0562	1
D31,2	4-	200mV, 3 ½ digits	DP-650		
DS3	1	LED, Green	IDI	153-0080	1
D33	•	3V, 20mA	5210F-5		
DS4	1	LED, Yellow	IDI	153-0081	1
D34	•	3V, 20mA	5210F-7		
R1,2	2	Res., Var., Multi-turn, W.W.	Spectrol	115-1234	1
K 1,2	-	10K ohm, 5%, 2W	Type 534		
S1	1	Switch, DPST	Kepco Inc.	127-0371	1
31	•	125V a-c, 10A/5A, 250V a-c	127-0371		
S2	1	Switch Rocket, SPDT	Kepco Inc.	127-0396	1
32	•	.4VA max. @ 20V	127-0396		
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
MISCELLANE	ous				
N.A.	1	Line Cord	Kepco Inc.	118-0552	
140 11	•		118-0552		
N.A.	1	Retractable Bail, for mounting	Kepco Inc.	139-0231	
14.74.		on 5 ½"	139-0231		
N.A.	1	Handle	Kepco Inc.	139-0215	
			139-0215		
N.A.	1	Fan Blade, 4" dia.	Kepco Inc.	149-0029	
			149-0029		
N.A.	2	Binding Post, Black	Kepco Inc.	151-0026	
		•	151-0026		
N.A.	1	Binding Post, Green	Kepco Inc.	151-0048	
		-	151-0048		
N.A.	2	Binding Post, Red	Kepco Inc.	151-0025	
			151-0025		
N.A.	2	Knob	Kepco Inc.	155-0052	
			155-0052		
N.A.	1	Bail Mounting Foot, Left	Kepco Inc.	158-0005	
			158-0005		
N.A.	1	Bail Mounting Foot, Right	Kepco Inc.	158-0006	
			158-0006		
N.A.	2	Foot	Kepco Inc.	158-0007	
			158-0007		
J1	1	Fused Power Inlet	Kepco Inc.	143-0357	
			143-0357		

5-11/5-12

NOTE: REPLACEMENT PARTS MAY BE ORDERED FROM KEPCO, INC. ORDERS SHOULD INCLUDE KEPCO PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

PLEASE NOTE: THE MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND PART NUMBER LISTED FOR EACH ITEM ON REPLACEMENT PARTS LISTS REPRESENTS AT LEAST ONE SOURCE FOR THAT ITEM AND IS LISTED SOLELY FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF KEPCO EQUIPMENT OWNERS IN OBTAINING REPLACEMENT PARTS LOCALLY. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO USE EQUIVALENT ITEMS FROM ALTERNATE SOURCES. KEPCO, INC.



MSK 40-2.5M

INDIVIDUAL PARTS LIST, CONTROL ASSEMBLY (A1)

MSK 4U-2.5M		MADIA OF THE			
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	MFRS. NAME & PART NO. SEE BOTTOM NOTE	KEPCO PART NO.	REC. SPARE PART QTY.
C1,14	2	Cap., Elect., Radial Leads	United Chemi-Con Type SMC	117-1002	1
C20	1	100μF, 20%, 100V Cap., Ceramic Disc	Centralab	117-0587	1
C21,25	2	680pF., 20%, 3KV Cap., Film, Ax. Leads	DD30-681 Sprague	117-0362	1
	2	0.047μ F., 10% , $200V$ Cap., Film, Ax. Leads	Type 192P Sprague	117-0569	1
C24		560pF, 10%, 200V Diode, Rect., Ax. Leads	Type 192P Semicon Inc.	124-0028	1
CR1,2	2	400V (PIV), 1A	Type Si-4 Semicon Inc.	124-0133	1
CR7,8,19	3	Diode, Rect., Axial Leads 100V (PIV), 1A	Type Si-1		
CR18		Not Used			
Q1		Not Used			
R12	1	Res., Fxd., Metal Film	Dale Type RN55D	115-2761	1
R13	1	40.2K ohm, 1%, ¼W Res., Fxd., Metal Film	Dale Type RN55D	115-2451	1
R21,26	2	24.3K ohm, 1%, ¼W Res., Fxd., Metal Film	Dale Type RN60D	115-2584	1
R22,23		75K ohm, 1%, ¼W Not Used	туре кмоор		
R33	1	Res., Fxd., Molded	Allen Bradley	115-2767	1
	1	51K ohm, 5%, ¼W Res., Network, 2 units	CB5131 Kepco, Inc.	234-0011	1
RN1		25K/10K ohm, 1% Rest., Network, 2 units	234-0011 Kepco, Inc.	234-0007	1
RN2,3	2	10K/1K ohm, 1%,	234-0007		
		INDIVIDUAL PARTS LIST,	CHASSIS ASSEMBLY (A2)		
C1	1	Cap., Elect., Can-Type	Mepco/Electric Type 3816	117-0997	1
R1	1	7800μF, +75 – 10%, 75V Res., Fxd., Molded	Allen Bradley HB4721	115-0056	1
R2,3	2	4.7K ohm, 10%, 2W Res., Fxd., Power, Ax. Lead		115-0923	1
R4		1.5K ohm, 5%, 20W Not Used	2001000		
Т1	1	Transformer Power	Kepco, Inc. 100-2251	100-2251	1
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

5-13/5-14

Code 11-0488

NOTE: REPLACEMENT PARTS MAY BE ORDERED FROM KEPCO, INC. ORDERS SHOULD INCLUDE KEPCO PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.



REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

MSK 40-2.5M

INDIVIDUAL PARTS LIST, PASS ASSEMBLY (A3)

Code 07-1888A

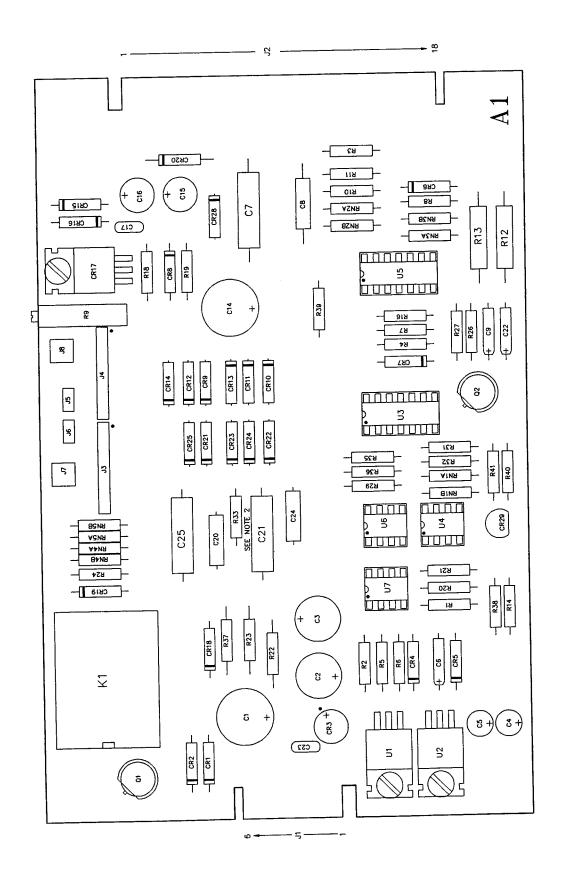
W312 40-210111		TO PURION	MFRS. NAME & PARTS NO.	KEPCO	REC. SPARE PART QTY.
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SEE BOTTOM NOTE	PART NO.	18
CR1,2 CR3,4	2	Diode Rect., Axial Leads 400V (PIV), 5A Not Used	Kepco Inc. 124-0348	148-0026	1
Q1 thru Q4	4	Transistor, Si., NPN Power TO-3	Kepco Inc. 119-0061	119-0061	1
Q5	1	Transistor, Si., NPN Med., Power, TO-66	RCA 2N3054	119-0060	ı
Q6	1	Not Used			
R1,2,3,4	4	Res., Fxd., Power, Ax. Leads 0.8 ohm, 3%, 3W	Tepro Type TS3	115-2460	1
R5	1	Res., Kelvin, 4-term., W.W. 0.4 ohm, 1%, 5W	Tepro Type TSK	115-2758	1
R9,11,12		Not Used			

5-15/5-16

NOTE: REPLACEMENT PARTS MAY BE ORDERED FROM KEPCO, INC. ORDERS SHOULD INCLUDE KEPCO PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

FIGURE 5-1 COMPONENT LOCATION (A2), MAIN CHASSIS ASSEMBLY WITH FRONT PANEL (A4) AND HEAT SINK ASSEMBLY (A3)





NOTES:
1. NOT ALL COMPONENTS USED IN ALL MODELS, SEE PARTS LIST.
2. R33 USED ONLY IN MODEL MSK 40-2.5M, ON ALL OTHER MODELS R33 IS REPLACED WITH A MOLDED JUMPER.



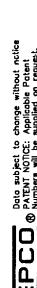


FIGURE 5-3 MAIN SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

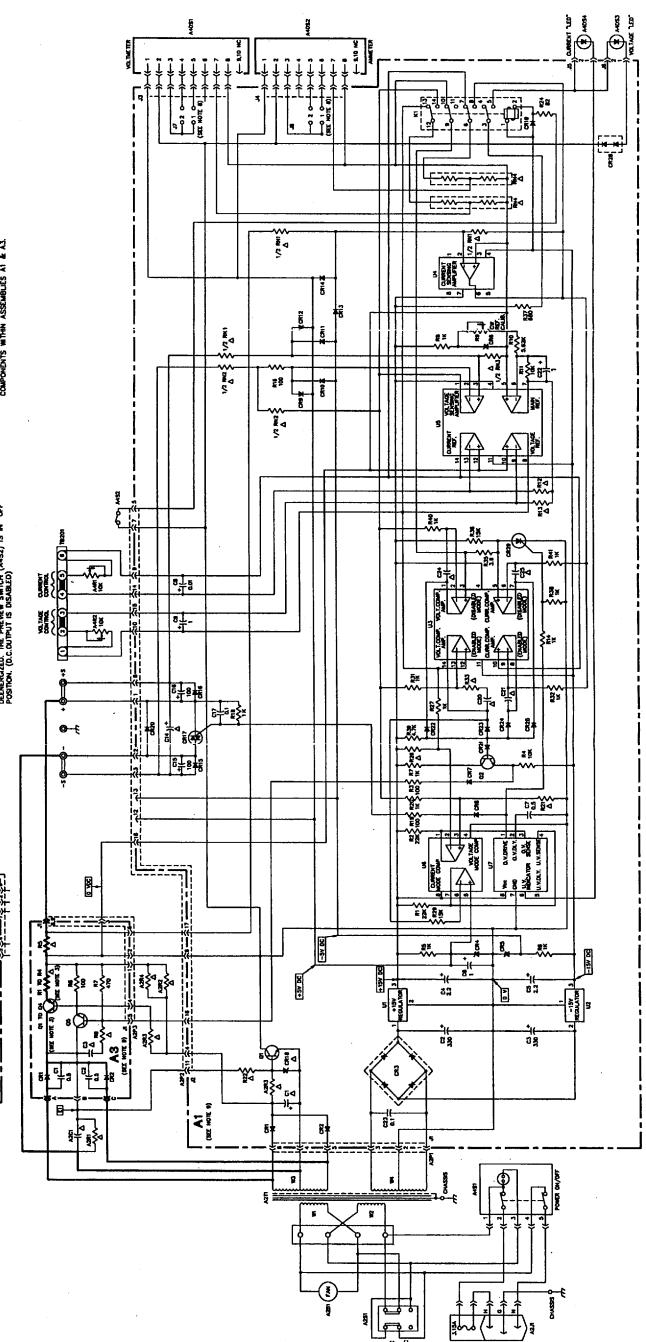


A3 HEAT SINK ASSEMBLY FOR MSK 125-1M ONLY

15001	చి	Ē	5		45	
1	VOLTS	VOLTS	-	2	-	2
ISK 10-10M	-10.0	+11.3	ĸ		ĸ	
NSK 20-5M	-20.0	+13.9		Z	¥	
ISK 40-2.5M	-40.0	+19.7		Z	Z	
NZ-09 XS	-60.0	+30		æ	ï	
USK 125-1M	1-125.0	+59.2		Z		Z

	VOLTS	VOLTS	-	7	-	2	
MSK 10-10M	-10.0	+11.3	ĸ		N.		
MSX 20-5M	-20.0	+13.9		Z	¥		
MSK 40-2.5M	0.04-	+19.7		Z	Z		
M2-09 XSM	-60.0	+30		Z	ï		
NSK 125-1M	-125.0	+59.2		Z		ĸ	
P FACH COMPONENT	ARSI DE	ABEI DESIGNATION STARTS	72.5	ST ST	7.	표	ASSEMBLY
NUMBER FOLLOWE		NE SCH	Ĭ	Ž	BER	Ī	
ASSEMBLY (EX. AZ	<u> </u>	EASE OF	ğ	MA TIC	Š	Ž	S THE

FOR EACH MODEL (SEE TABLE).		2
3. THE SCHEMATIC SHOWS SYMBOLICALLY ONE PASS TRANSISTOR	MSK 10-10M	-10.0
IN SERIES WITH ONE CURRENT SHARING RESISTOR, ACTUALLY,	NSK 20-5M	-20.0
THERE ARE 4 (FOUR) SUCH TRANSISION/RESISION COMBINATIONS	MSK 40-2.5W	-40.0
A DESCRIPTION VALUES IN CHASS. K=10 ³ M=10 ⁶ .	NSK 60-2M	-60.0
S. CAPACIOR VALUES IN MICROFARADS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.	NSK 125-1M -125.0	1-125.0
6. VOLTAGE READINGS ARE NOMINAL VALUES, TAKEN AT 115V AC MANIET M	9. EACH COMPONENT	LABEL D
TO THE COMMON (OVDC).	NUMBER FOLLOWER BY ITS	ST 78 0
7. THE RELAY KI CONTACTS ARE SHOWN WHEN RELAY KI4 IS	PREFIX SHOWING 1	TE VSE
DEFINITION OF THE DEFINITION OF THE CAPITY (AASS) IS IN TOP	The state of the second	THE RESERVE





INSTRUCTION MANUAL CORRECTION

Please note the following corrections to the Manual Material as indicated:

Parts List:

1. ADD:

TB201 1 N/A 2 Barrier Strip

Link

Kepco #167-0882 Kepco #172-0306

TEXT:

ADD:

2-16 LOCAL/REMOTE PROGRAMMING

For local front panel control of output voltage or current, terminals 2 & 3 and 4 & 5 on rear barrier strip TB201 are connected with links. (Standard factory setting).

For remote control of the output voltage, the link between 2 & 3 is removed disabling the front panel voltage control. An external variable resistor of 10K ohm is connected by the user between terminals 1 & 3. The zero to 10K ohm variable resistance will re-

motely program the output voltage from zero to full scale.

For remote control of the output current by an external resistor, the link between 4 & 5 should be removed disabling the front panel current control. An external variable resistor of 10K ohm is connected by the user between terminals 4 & 6. The zero to 10K ohm variable resistance will remotely program the output current from zero to full scale. To minimize the noise pick-up, use twisted shielded cables between the power supply

programming terminals and the remote resistors.

2. CHANGE: F1

Fuse, Fast Blow, 5x20mm

3.0A/250V

Kepco #141-0085

To: F1

Fuse, Slow Blow, 5x20mm

3.15A/250V

Kepco #141-0104

TEXT:

2-3 Paragraph has been replaced as follows:

The rear of the unit contains an input voltage selector switch. Set this switch to 115V or 230V position before connecting the unit to a power outlet: Note: Also Install the fuse as follows: For 115V a-c operation: Fuse slow blow, 3.15A-250V a-c, 5mm x 20mm; Kepco P/N 141-0104

or Schurter 034.3122.

For 230V a-c operation: Fuse slow blow, 1.6A-250V a-c, 5mm x 20mm; Kepco P/N 141-0108

or Schurter 034.3119.

CHANGE:

Bl To: B1

Motor, Fan Motor, Fan 115V.50-60Hz

Kepco #148-0026

To: Blade, Fan, Nylon

115V,50-60Hz

Kepco #148-0050

4. CHANGE:

Blade, Fan, Nylon

4" Dia.,4 Blades 4" Dia..5 Blades

Kepco #149-0029 Kepco #149-0035

MSK 40-2.5M/10-1491/r6 MSK 40-2.5M/02-2197/r7 C6356 C7665

MSK 40-2.5M/10-0897/r7

C8077

MSK 40-2.5M/09-2199/r7

BMC